

The Diversity Workbench Framework: Data Retrieval with DiversityMobile and Dataflow from DiversityMobile to GBIF

Tobias Schneider¹, Stefan Jablonski¹, Gerhard Rambold³, Dagmar Triebel², Bernhard Volz¹, Markus Weiss²

¹University of Bayreuth, Institute of Informatics, Bayreuth, Germany

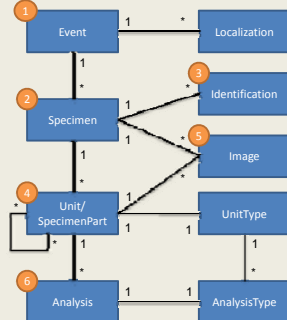
²IT Center of the Bavarian Natural History Collections, München, Germany

³University of Bayreuth, DNA Analytics and Ecoinformatics Laboratory, Bayreuth, Germany

The Diversity Workbench

DiversityMobile

The gathering of data in the field is organized in the component *DiversityMobile* which is set up to enter, modify, or – if necessary – delete ecological and biological monitoring data in the field via a mobile device (www.diversitymobile.net).

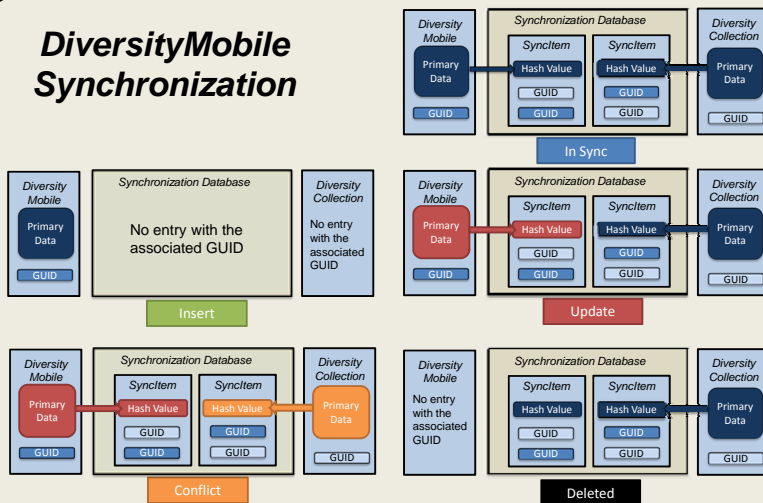


The field data retrieved via the mobile device using the *DiversityMobile* client are stored in a database on this device and associated with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID). This local database contains a set of definitions, e.g. lists of taxonomic names and project-specific settings.



Ecological Research and Monitoring Data

DiversityMobile Synchronization



DiversityMobile Synchronization is transferring the data from *DiversityMobile* to *DiversityCollection* (and vice versa) via the internet.

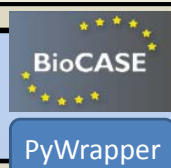
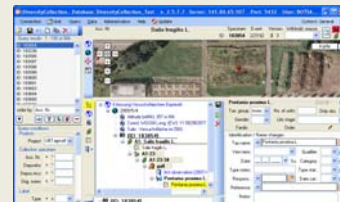
For every *DiversityMobile* client exists a separate synchronization database with the table *SyncItem*. For each object on the client or the server side exists an entry in the synchronization database containing the GUID and a hash value calculated from the values of the primary data. According to the values of the entries in this table the state of the synchronization is calculated.

The synchronization database contains a table named *FieldState* for conflict detection. In this table, for every field of an object a hash value is calculated. In case of a conflict the hash values differ in the associated entries.



DiversityCollection

The data are stored in the local master database *DiversityCollection*. For a further consistent data flow it is crucial that the database is set up at an institutional data repository which acts as GBIF data provider like the IT Center of the Bavarian Natural History Collections. There the GUID is connected with a persistent Uniform Resource Identifier (URI). The latter is published and accessed by global networks like GBIF.



Data Export

ABCD

GBIF

